SI 413 Fall 2021: Homework 2

Due Monday, August 28

Your name:

Citations and collaborators:

Comments, suggestions, or questions for your instructor:

Fill out the first row of the table on a 0-5 scale before turning in.

This rubric is also available on the website under "Admin":

- 5: Solution is completely correct, concisely presented, and neatly written.
- 4: The solution is mostly correct, but one or two minor details were missed, or the presentation could be better.
- 3: The main idea is correct, but there are some significant mistakes. The presentation is somewhat sloppy or confused.
- 2: A complete effort was made, but the result is mostly incorrect.
- 1: The beginning of an attempt was made, but the work is clearly incomplete.
- 0: Not submitted.

Problem	1	2	3	4	5	Total
Self-assessment						
Final assessment						

Note: Some of these exercises are programming exercises, but you do not need to submit them electronically. Everything should be turned in in one packet of paper.

1 Reversible Compilation?

For each of these main steps in the compilation process, explain whether that step is always reversible. For example, the scanning phase reads in source code and produces a token stream. Is it always possible to reverse this process and produce the original source code from the token stream? Briefly explain why or why not.

a) Scanning (source code to token stream)
b) Parsing (token stream to parse tree)
c) Semantic analysis (parse tree to abstract syntax tree)
d) Code generation (AST to machine code)

2 List Basics

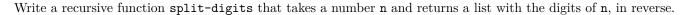
- a) Using only cons, '(), car, and cdr, write a Scheme expression to produce the nested list '(3 (4 5) 6).
- b) Write a simple quoted expression that is equivalent to(cons (cons 3 (cons 'q '())) (cons 'a '())).
- c) Using only cons, '(), car, and cdr, write a function (get2nd L) that takes a list L and returns the second element in the list.

3 Count Down

Write a function called **count-down** which takes a positive integer **n** and produces a list with the integers from n down to 1, in that order.

For example (count-down 4) should produce the list '(4 3 2 1).

4 Split Digits



For example, (split-digits 413) should produce the list '(3 1 4).

(Hint: you probably want to use the built-in functions quotient and remainder.)

5 Append

Write a function called my-append which has the same behavior as the append function built-in to Scheme. (Your function only needs to handle the case when there are exactly two arguments, and both are lists.)

For example, calling (my-append '(a b c) '(d e)) should produce '(a b c d e).