

SI 413 Fall 2023: Homework 9

Due Monday, November 6

Your name:

Citations and collaborators:

Comments, suggestions, or questions for your instructor:

Fill out the first row of the table on a 0-5 scale before turning in.

This rubric is also available on the website under “Admin”:

- **5:** Solution is completely correct, concisely presented, and neatly written.
- **4:** The solution is mostly correct, but one or two minor details were missed, or the presentation could be better.
- **3:** The main idea is correct, but there are some significant mistakes. The presentation is somewhat sloppy or confused.
- **2:** A complete effort was made, but the result is mostly incorrect.
- **1:** The beginning of an attempt was made, but the work is clearly incomplete.
- **0:** Not submitted.

Problem	1	2	3	Total
Self-assessment				
Final assessment				

1 Compile this

Consider the following C function (or download ex1.c)

```
int foo(int x) {
    if ((x+3)*4 == 20) {
        return 14;
    }
    else {
        return x*7;
    }
}
```

- a) Draw the AST for the body of this function. Make sure each AST node is clearly labeled.

- b) Write LLVM IR instructions for this C function. Use registers only; no load or store.

Label each line of LLVM IR with the corresponding AST node that should emit that line in a compilation.

Note, you should only need to use the following LLVM commands: add, mul, icmp eq, br, ret.

2 Decompile that

Take a look at this LLVM IR program (or download `decomp.ll`):

```
declare i32 @getchar()
declare i32 @putchar(i32)

define i32 @main() {
    %x1 = call i32 @getchar()
    %x2 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %x2
    br label %L1

L1:
    %x3 = load i32, i32* %x2
    %x4 = icmp slt i32 %x3, 10
    br i1 %x4, label %L2, label %L3

L2:
    %x5 = call i32 @putchar(i32 %x1)
    %x6 = add i32 %x3, 1
    store i32 %x6, i32* %x2
    br label %L1

L3:
    %x7 = call i32 @putchar(i32 10)
    ret i32 0
}
```

Write a C program which should do the same thing that this program does.

(Note that `getchar` and `putchar` are standard library functions found in `stdio.h`.)

3 Clanging

Here is a small C program, collatz.c:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int x;
    scanf(" %d", &x);
    while (x > 1) {
        if (x % 2 == 0) {
            x /= 2;
        }
        else {
            x = 3*x + 1;
        }
        printf("%d\n", x);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

We can compile this to LLVM by running the command

```
clang -emit-llvm -S collatz.c
```

The resulting collatz.ll file is shown on the next page.

Your tasks are to investigate the “real” clang LLVM output and answer the following questions:

- a) The variable `x` in the C program is stored in stack memory according to the LLVM instructions. **Which register** holds the address of `x`?

- b) Circle the line or lines of LLVM IR that correspond to the if condition expression `x % 2 == 0`.

- c) Draw the control flow graph (CFG) for this program.

```

; ModuleID = 'collatz.c'
source_filename = "collatz.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-n8:16:32:64-S128
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"

@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [4 x i8] c" %d\00", align 1
@.str.1 = private unnamed_addr constant [4 x i8] c"%d\0A\00", align 1

; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind optnone uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %1, align 4
    %3 = call i32 (i8*, ...) @_isoc99_scanf(i8* getelementptr inbounds ([4 x i8],
[4 x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32* %2)
    br label %4

4:                                     ; preds = %18, %0
    %5 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %6 = icmp sgt i32 %5, 1
    br i1 %6, label %7, label %21

7:                                     ; preds = %4
    %8 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %9 = srem i32 %8, 2
    %10 = icmp eq i32 %9, 0
    br i1 %10, label %11, label %14

11:                                    ; preds = %7
    %12 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %13 = sdiv i32 %12, 2
    store i32 %13, i32* %2, align 4
    br label %18

14:                                    ; preds = %7
    %15 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %16 = mul nsw i32 3, %15
    %17 = add nsw i32 %16, 1
    store i32 %17, i32* %2, align 4
    br label %18

18:                                    ; preds = %14, %11
    %19 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %20 = call i32 (i8*, ...) @printf(i8* getelementptr inbounds ([4 x i8],
[4 x i8]* @.str.1, i64 0, i64 0), i32 %19)
    br label %4

21:                                    ; preds = %4
    ret i32 0
}

declare dso_local i32 @_isoc99_scanf(i8*, ...) #1

declare dso_local i32 @printf(i8*, ...) #1

attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind optnone uwtable "correctly-rounded-divide-sqrt-fp-math"
attributes #1 = { "correctly-rounded-divide-sqrt-fp-math"="false" "disable-tail-calls"="false" }

!llvm.module.flags = !{!0}

```

```
!llvm.ident = !{!1}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{"clang version 10.0.0-4ubuntu1"}
```